



Titebond Regular

Titebond Regular was the first ready-to-use aliphatic resin adhesive. For over 65 years, it has been the premier choice for bonding wood substrates. Titebond Regular can be used in edge and face gluing and general assembly applications for interior use. It is moderately slow setting and will not load sanding belts and wear cutting tools.



PHYSICAL PROPERTIES

Chemical family description: Polyvinyl acetate emulsion adhesive

Appearance: Yellow colored

Typical viscosity (cps): 3000 - 4500 (3/12/83 °F)

Weight solids (%): 41.0 - 45.0

pH: 3.7 - 5.0

Specific gravity: 1.16 **Weight pounds per gallon:** 9.68

Suggested minimum use temperature: 35 °F / 2 °C

KEY PRODUCT FEATURES

- Excellent heat and solvent resistance
- Fast setting aliphatic resin adhesive
- No formaldehyde
- Long history for interior furniture
- One component great for cold pressing and assembly
- 175.105 FDA Compliant

PERFORMANCE PROPERTIES

- Meets European Standard DIN EN 204 D4 Sequence 1
- Meets DIN EN 14257 WATT 91 Heat Testing

Method	Temperature (°C)	Minimum required average value (N/mm ²)	Average value (N/mm ²)	Wood Failure (%)
DIN EN 204, Sequence 1	Room Temperature	≥ 10	13.5	100
DIN EN 14257 (WATT 91)	80	≥ 7 (Recommended Standard)	9.9	100

*Rosenheim reports 505 44211/4e 9/21/2010 and 505 44211/1e 9/21/2010

APPLICATION GUIDELINES

Moisture content: Six to eight percent is the recommended moisture content for the gluing stock. High moisture content will dramatically increase the clamp time needed. Panel shrinkage may occur resulting in stress cracks or end-joint delamination.

Stock preparation: The preparation of the stock to be glued is extremely important. Joints cut from rip saws should be free of saw marks. They should also be straight and square. Moulded or jointed stock should be free of knife marks. Glazed or burnished joints will prevent adhesive penetration and should be guarded against. Gluing stock should be uniform in thickness. Variation in thickness should not exceed ± 0.005 inches/0.12 mm. Sanding to thickness should be performed using higher than 50 grit abrasives. When possible, glue joints should be prepared and glued the same day.

Spread: Generally, 35-50 pounds of adhesive per 1,000 square feet or 170-250 grams per square meter of glue line is adequate. Verify adequate glue coverage by monitoring for squeeze out along the glue line once the panels are under pressure. A web based spread calculator can be found at www.franklinadhesivesandpolymers.com.

Pressure: Pressure is dependent upon the species or material to be glued and joint preparation. Direct contact of the gluing surfaces is required to obtain maximum strength. The use of a compressometer will aid in accurately measuring the amount of pressure being applied to the gluing area. Suggested clamp locations for various wood densities are eight to fifteen inches (20-38 cm) apart and two inches (5 cm) from the end of the panel to evenly distribute pressure along the entire length of the glue line. A web based pressure calculator can be found at www.franklinadhesivesandpolymers.com.

Recommended clamping pressures:

Species	Clamping pressure	Example
Low density wood species	100-150 psi or 7-10 kg/cm ²	Pine, Poplar
Medium density species	125-175 psi or 9-13 kg/cm ²	Rubberwood, Cherry
High density species	175-250 psi or 13-18 kg/cm ²	Oak, Maple

Assembly time: The assembly time is influenced by many factors some of which include glue spread, moisture content of the stock, porosity of the stock, environmental conditions and adhesive choice. Assembly times of 5-10 minutes are approximate. It is desirable to see a bead of adhesive squeeze out around the perimeter of the bottom panel of the stack.

Press/clamp time: Press times are dependent on the adhesive used, gluing stock type, moisture content of the stock, and environmental conditions. Press times can range from a minimum press time of 30 minutes to greater than 2 hours. Shorter times are required under ideal conditions when using soft wood species at moisture content slightly less than eight to ten percent and factory temperatures of 68 degrees Fahrenheit/ twenty degrees Celsius. Longer press times will be required for higher density species, higher moisture contents and colder factory temperatures. It is recommended that optimum press times be determined in actual plant conditions recognizing that seasonal changes may lead to variable requirements.

Machining/ Post Process Conditioning: After the minimum clamping time period, the panel will develop enough handling strength and can be removed and stacked out of the press. Twenty four hours of cure is recommended before further machining. Three or four days may be required to eliminate sunken joints caused by residual moisture in the glue line.

Minimum Use Temperature: Curing temperatures should be higher than the minimum use temperature of the adhesive. This includes the temperature of the stock to be glued as well as the air and adhesive temperatures. If the temperatures are below the minimum use temperatures you will see a white, chalky appearance of the glueline. These bonds are usually weak.

Clean-up: For easy removal of adhesive from equipment, clean up while it is still wet with warm water (this includes the glue roller and pans). For dried glue, steam and or hot water are the most effective. Using glue release agents on equipment will also allow for easier clean up.

HANDLING AND STORAGE

Shelf life: Best if used within six months of date of manufacture. Mix before use for best results. Product is freeze-thaw stable, but may need to be mixed prior to use.

For additional questions, Franklin's technical service team is available at 1.800.877.4583. **24/7** technical service is available online at www.franklinadhesivesandpolymers.com

IMPORTANT NOTICE TO CUSTOMER:

The recommendations and data contained in this Product Data Sheet for use of this product are based on information Franklin believes to be reliable. They are offered in good faith without guarantee, as conditions and methods for use of our product by Customer and are beyond Franklin's control. Customer should determine the suitability of the product for a particular application before adopting it on a commercial scale. Discoloration and checking of wood veneer materials may occur with use of the product. These occurrences range in appearance, color and may also vary depending upon the species of wood veneer to which the product is applied. Such discoloration and checking may appear during or after the manufacturing process which utilizes the product. Environmental conditions in some manufacturing plants and end-use locations can contribute to discoloration and checking. Because such discoloration and checking are attributable to conditions beyond Franklin's control, Franklin cannot assume any responsibility or liability for any discoloration and/or checking problems that might occur.

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